Hours of Operation Report for CT and COR Zone Uses in North Port, FL

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Executive Summary

This report analyzes the current hours-of-operation restrictions imposed on non-residential uses within North Port, Florida's *Corridor Transitional (CT)* and *Corridor (COR)* zoning districts. These districts are subject to a blanket restriction prohibiting all business activity and deliveries between 10:00 p.m. and 5:00 a.m., regardless of business type, scale, or location. This report demonstrates this regulation is significantly more restrictive than industry norms both within Florida and nationally.

Through comparative research across dozens of use categories, the report finds:

- Many business types allowed in CT and COR districts routinely operate past 10 p.m., especially
 in food service, entertainment, hospitality, and personal service sectors.
- Common uses like restaurants, bars, food truck parks, entertainment venues, and gyms are disproportionately affected by the early curfew, which reduces their revenue potential during peak evening hours.
- Even non-public business activities such as kitchen cleaning, inventory stocking, and overnight
 operations are restricted, which is uncommon in comparable jurisdictions that regulate by noise
 and impact rather than absolute hour cutoffs.

The report further notes that:

- Hotels and essential services, which require 24/7 operation, are noncompliant under current CT/COR.
- Similar municipalities (e.g. Orlando, Tampa, Jacksonville, and Miami) regularly permit business operations until midnight or later.
- The restriction will discourage future commercial investment and has already contributed to stagnation in past zoning districts with similar rules (e.g. North Port's now-retired Neighborhood Commercial zone).

To summarize, the research below suggests that North Port's 10 p.m. CT/COR cutoff is an outlier that has stifled certain categories of economic growth, and will continue to do so as allowed businesses require operation outside of the restricted hours.

Business Analysis

Animal-Related Services (Boarding, Daycare, Veterinary)

Animal Boarding & Daycare: These facilities typically operate during the day and early evening. In North Port, the ULDC limits outdoor or high-noise activities at kennels to between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. (City of North Port, 2024), aligning with common practice. Drop-off and pickup for dog daycare usually occur roughly 7 a.m. – 6 p.m. on weekdays. For example, Orlando's code prohibits animals in outdoor yards from 7:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. to prevent noise at night (MuniCode Library, n.d.). Other Florida cities set similar hours: Bonita Springs limits animal care facility operations to 7:00 a.m. – 7:00 p.m. by ordinance (MuniCode Library, n.d.-b), and Marathon, FL allows animal daycares between 6 a.m. and 7 p.m. (no overnight boarding at all) (Garrett, 2022).

- Weekends: Many pet daycares/kennels are open on weekends but often with reduced hours (e.g. half-days on Saturday, limited or closed Sunday).
- Public vs. Staff: While staff may tend to animals overnight, customer-facing hours are generally daytime. Overnight boarding is passive (no public access at night); staff might do a late check around 9–10 p.m. but intake is restricted to daytime hours. Nationwide, it's typical for kennels to close to the public by early evening (~6–7 p.m.) and maintain quiet hours overnight, consistent with the industry patterns within Florida.

Animal Hospitals & Veterinary Clinics: Emergency vet hospitals and 24-hour emergency clinics, operate 24/7, especially in urban areas. These are staffed round-the-clock for urgent care. In general, across the U.S., routine vet services are daytime-only, while only specialized facilities or on-call rotations cover nights. Regular veterinary clinics in North Port and elsewhere keep standard business hours (roughly 8 a.m. – 5 or 6 p.m. on weekdays, half-day or closed on weekends). North Port's code again limits non-medical "extra" activities (like obedience classes or pet events) to 7 a.m. – 7 p.m. In practice, weekday vet office hours in Florida typically span mid-morning through late afternoon. For instance, a typical veterinary clinic might be open Monday–Friday ~7:30 a.m. – 6:00 p.m., with perhaps a short Saturday morning clinic.

• Public vs. Staff: If an animal hospital has overnight in-patient care, staff may be present overnight even when closed to clients.

Automotive Uses (Repair Shops, Fueling, Vehicle Services)

Minor Auto Repair Shops: Auto repair garages (oil change, tire shops, etc.) commonly operate during normal work hours on weekdays and partial days on Saturday. It's typical to see 8:00 a.m. – 5:30 or 6:00 p.m. on weekdays, and perhaps 8 a.m. – 12 p.m. or 8 a.m. – 3 p.m. on Saturdays; almost all are closed Sunday. For example, a Riverview auto shop advertises the hours of 7:30 a.m. – 6:00 p.m. Monday–Friday (About Us | Riverview Tire & Auto Service, Riverview, FL, n.d.). Florida zoning often permits repairs into early evening. Lauderhill, FL's code explicitly limits minor vehicle repair to 7:00 a.m. – 9:00 p.m. (MuniCode Library, n.d.-c) to prevent late-night noise. Another city ordinance (proposed in Forney, TX) set an hours condition of 8 a.m. – 7 p.m. daily for a minor repair garage near downtown (Sweet et al., 2011). In North Port, COR-zoned minor repair shops would currently be constrained by the 10 p.m. cutoff, but in practice most would close well before that (likely by 6 or 7 p.m.).

- Weekends: Many repair shops close or shorten hours on weekends (especially Sunday closed).
- Public vs. Staff: Some staff may stay a bit after closing to finish a car, but customer dropoffs/pickups after early evening are rare. Nationally, the pattern is similar – local regulations often cap auto repair at around 9–10 p.m. in commercial areas, and typical operations end by early evening.

Parking Facilities: Off-site or commercial parking lots/garages, where permitted, generally operate continuously. If a parking garage is serving a downtown or transit area, it may be open 24/7 with automated systems. For example, in many cities parking garages are explicitly open and monitored 24 hours a day (PARKING | 3CDC, n.d.). Surface lots might have unrestricted access at all hours (unless posted otherwise). In CT/COR contexts (transitional areas), any standalone paid parking lot would likely align with the hours of nearby uses (e.g. serving daytime businesses).

• Public vs. Staff: No on-site "public" activity beyond parking vehicles; any attendant staff may only be on duty during peak times or events, otherwise gates/card access function at all times.

North Port's current 10 p.m. cutoff would conflict since vehicles retrieving from a lot after 10 p.m. would technically be "business activity." In practice, parking is often a 24-hour service (e.g. Bloomington, IN public garage: Open 24/7 (7th And Walnut Street Parking Garage | City of Bloomington, Indiana, n.d.).

Mobile Food Vendors (Food Trucks): North Port allows mobile food vendors in CT/COR as primary uses, with general ULDC limits of 7:00 a.m. to midnight for food truck operation, except the CT/COR restriction pushes completion of closing and cleanup to 10:00 p.m. (City of North Port, 2024). Elsewhere in Florida, policies vary: for instance, Port St. Lucie permits food trucks from 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. by ordinance (Granicus, Inc., n.d.). Jacksonville's regulations (for downtown vendors) allow operation until 3:00 a.m. (with cleanup by 3 a.m., resuming no earlier than 6 a.m.) (Food Trucks, n.d.) to accommodate late-night crowds. Tampa and Orlando similarly have food truck events that run into late evening, though many require special event permits for very late hours. Weekday vs. Weekend: Food trucks often operate lunch hours and dinner hours on weekdays, with later hours (even past midnight) on weekends near nightlife districts.

Public vs. Staff: Setup and breakdown time is usually just before and after service – e.g. a truck
might arrive an hour early to prep (staff only) and stay ~1 hour after closing to clean. The publicfacing service window adheres to the allowed times (e.g. up to 9 or 10 p.m. in many suburbs,
later in city centers).

Nationally, trends show day-to-evening operation is standard, with some cities explicitly extending permits to late night for entertainment zones.

Food and Beverage Establishments

Restaurants (General): Restaurants' hours vary widely by type.

- Fast-food and diners: Many fast-food outlets (McDonald's, etc.) open early (5–6 a.m. for breakfast) and close late; some drive-thrus operate 24 hours or at least past midnight. For instance, in Florida it's common for 24-hour diners (IHOP, Waffle House, Denny's) to be available around the clock (Trip Advisor, n.d.).
- Casual and fine dining: Typical sit-down restaurants keep roughly 11 a.m. 10 p.m. hours on weekdays, often extending to 11 p.m. or midnight on Friday/Saturday. Bars and grills may stay open past the kitchen hours, offering drinks later. North Port's CT/COR rule currently forces all restaurants to stop serving long before 10 p.m., as no business activity may occur after that time and cleanup and closing procedures are necessary. In other Florida cities, restaurant closing times are usually dictated by market demand and alcohol licensing rather than zoning.
- Weekends tend to have later closing times (an extra hour or two) and some restaurants add earlier breakfast/brunch openings on weekends. For example, a family restaurant might be open 7 a.m.–9 p.m. weekdays, and 7 a.m.–11 p.m. Fri-Sat.
- Public vs. Staff: Staff commonly arrive before opening (e.g. 1–2 hours to prep in the kitchen) and stay 1–2 hours after closing to clean. So, a restaurant closing at 10 p.m. might still have kitchen clean-down and table resetting until 11 or midnight (business-only activity). Across the U.S., only

areas with heavy nightlife or 24-hour economies see restaurants routinely operating past midnight; otherwise, 10–11 p.m. is a normal cutoff for full-service dining, with fast-food drive-thrus' covering late-night demand.

Food Truck Parks: A food truck park is a dedicated site where multiple food trucks gather, often with picnic seating and sometimes live music or a bar. Hours depend on whether the park is oriented to lunch, dinner, or nightlife. In Florida, a prominent example is Celebration Park in Naples, a food truck park with a bar, which historically operated roughly 10:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. daily (Celebration Park Naples | Dockside Food Truck Court & Live Music, 2025). Many food truck parks close by 9 or 10 p.m., especially if near residential areas. Those that include bars or entertainment may stay open later on weekends. The City of San Benito's code originally required conditional use for late-night or alcohol service at food truck parks (City Commission of the City of San Benito, 2021), "Mobile food vendor courts shall not operate between the hours of 2: 00 a. m. and 7:00 a.m. A Conditional Use Permit will be required for operation after 11: 00 p.m. for late night and alcohol.

- Weekdays vs. Weekends: The park might have shorter hours on weekdays (e.g. only dinner) and full day on weekends.
- Public vs. Staff: Trucks individually handle their prep (often off-site in commissary kitchens before arriving) and usually arrive an hour before opening; cleanup is done shortly after closing. Noise considerations (music, generators) often lead to parks closing to the public by ~10 p.m. in many communities.

Nationally, where food truck parks exist (Austin, Portland, etc.), they typically wrap up by late evening unless tied to bars or events.

Bars and Nightclubs: Drinking establishments typically keep the latest hours of all standard commercial uses. In Florida, state law defaults to a 2:00 a.m. last call for alcohol, but local governments can adjust this. Large cities often extend to 3 a.m. or later.

- Tampa: Bars can serve alcohol until 3:00 a.m., and proposals to roll back to midnight were rejected after public outcry (<u>Tampa City Leaders Back Away From Bar Closing Time Ordinance</u>, n.d.).
- Orlando: Generally follows 2 a.m. last call; an initiative to require midnight closure downtown
 was also not adopted (Arruda, 2025) (instead, Orlando now requires special late-night permits
 but keeps 2 a.m. as the usual closing (City Code Updates to Nightclubs and Alcohol Sales in
 Downtown, n.d.).
- Miami Beach: Historically allowed alcohol service until 5:00 a.m. in South Beach clubs, though
 this is being scaled back to 2 a.m. in some areas after legal battles (Alonso, 2023).
- Nationwide, major cities vary: New York City allows bars to 4 a.m., some cities 3 a.m., many others 2 a.m., and a few (Nevada, Louisiana locales) have no mandated closing (McCormick, 2025).
- Weekends vs. Weekdays: Bars often have the same legal cutoff every night, though patronage is higher Thurs—Sat, and some smaller bars or pubs might close earlier on quiet weeknights (e.g. 11 p.m. on Monday vs. 1 a.m. on Saturday).

Public vs. Staff: Staff and performers may remain on-site a bit after doors close to pack up, but typically by an hour after closing the venue is empty. In North Port, bars are allowed in COR and require a special exception in CT.

A bar normally would expect to operate at least until midnight or later. For comparison, most U.S. nightlife districts set last call around 11 p.m. to 2 a.m., with midnight to 2 a.m. being common even in many smaller cities. North Port's limitation to 10 p.m. is far earlier than the norm for this use type.

Craft Breweries, Distilleries, Wineries (with taprooms): These venues often function like a hybrid of manufacturing and a bar/tasting room. The public tasting rooms in craft breweries or distilleries usually have hours similar to bars but slightly earlier closing. A typical craft brewery taproom in Florida might open in late morning or early afternoon and close by 10–11 p.m. on weeknights, and around midnight on weekends. For example, Carib Brewery's tap room in Cape Canaveral, FL operates Mon–Wed until 9 p.m., Thu–Sat until 10 p.m., and Sunday till 7 p.m. (Visit Our Tap Room | Carib Brewery USA, 2025). Another example, Crooked Can Brewery (Winter Garden, FL) lists hours 11:00 a.m. – 11:00 p.m. (Sun–Thurs) and later on Fri–Sat (often midnight) (Crooked Can Brewery - Community, Craft Beer & Good Eats, 2025). Weekends typically draw larger crowds, so closing times extend by an hour or two.

Public vs. Staff: Staff might brew in early morning (brewing operations often start at 6–7 a.m. before customers arrive) and cleaning can extend past closing, but taprooms generally don't serve patrons early in the day (some open only afternoons/evenings).

North Port currently requires a special exception for a craft brewery in CT (permitted in COR) and if allowed, the taproom would be subject to 10 p.m. cutoff. This is earlier than many craft brewers would prefer. For reference, many city codes treat brewery taprooms like restaurants for hours or impose conditions similar to bars (some require closing by 10 or 11 on weeknights if near homes). Nationally, breweries in industrial areas may close earlier on weekdays (8–10 p.m.) and a bit later on weekends; only in entertainment districts might they push towards midnight.

Tasting Rooms (stand-alone wine or liquor tasting venues): These are akin to wine bars. In agricultural or rural contexts, North Port's ULDC limits tasting rooms (on farms) to 10 a.m.–7 p.m. (City of North Port, 2024), but in commercial settings, a tasting room would likely follow general bar hours. Expect similar behavior to craft brewery taprooms: often closing by 9–10 p.m. during the week and by 11 p.m. or midnight on weekends, depending on local demand.

 Public vs. Staff: Minimal setup time; operations are primarily during those open hours, with maybe an hour after closing for cleaning.

Lodging Uses (Hotels, Resorts, B&Bs)

Hotels: Hotels operate 24/7 by nature. Guests come and go at all hours and front desk service is round-the-clock in nearly all establishments (Gillaspia, 2021). North Port's COR zone allows hotels (CT prohibits them), but the blanket 10 p.m. business activity ban is incompatible with normal hotel operation (guests checking in late, staff on duty overnight). For example, a typical hotel has three shifts (e.g. 7 a.m.–3 p.m., 3–11 p.m., 11 p.m.–7 a.m.) ensuring continuous coverage.

- Public vs. Business-only: Public-facing services (like restaurants, pools, etc.) have set hours. Hotel restaurants often close by 10 p.m., pools perhaps by dusk or 10 p.m., and so on. The lodging function is 24-hour. Guests can access their rooms at any time; staff (night auditors, security and housekeeping for emergencies) are present throughout the night. In other Florida cities, there is generally no zoning curfew on hotels, though noise ordinances still apply (outdoor amenities like bars or loud pool areas might be toned down after a certain time).
- Weekends vs. Weekdays: No significant difference in operating hours, though weekends may see later bar/pool hours if the hotel has entertainment. Nationwide, hotels universally maintain continuous operation; even in small towns, a motel will have either a 24-hour manager or a call bell for late arrivals.

Resorts: "Resort" typically implies a hotel with extensive amenities (pools, golf, etc.). This use (allowed in COR) would have the same 24-hour lodging aspect as hotels. Various resort facilities have their own schedules: e.g. a resort restaurant might open 6 a.m.–10 p.m., a spa 9 a.m.–6 p.m., etc., and recreational amenities often close by 10 p.m. (with quiet hours enforced for guest comfort at night).

Public vs. Staff: Like hotels, guest services run 24/7, but recreational facilities have set daily hours. North Port's limitations conflict with overnight guest stays, preventing them from locating in COR districts. **Bed and Breakfast Inns:** B&Bs are small lodging operations, often owner-occupied. They do not have "public" hours in the sense of walk-in customers; rather, guests check in/out and come and go. Check-in is usually in the afternoon (commonly 3 p.m. to 7 or 8 p.m.), and quiet hours are expected at night. Many B&Bs request no check-ins after a certain time (e.g. 9 or 10 p.m.), both to not disturb other guests and because owners go to bed. For example, Smithfield Township, PA, proposed rules restricting delivery timeframes to 9 a.m.–5 p.m. and "quiet hours" from 10 p.m. to 7 a.m. for B&Bs (Smithfield Township, 2024). This reflects common practice: quiet hours overnight and minimal noise. North Port permits B&Bs in both CT and COR. The 10 p.m. cutoff would dovetail with the notion of quiet hours, but an outright ban on any activity might prohibit a late check-in. In reality, a guest arriving at midnight to a B&B is rare but can happen with notice.

- Weekends vs. Weekdays: No major difference; B&Bs serve breakfast in the morning (often 7–9 a.m.), and guests might socialize in common areas into the evening but usually not late-night party scenes.
- Public vs. Business: B&Bs typically don't have public restaurant service or events unless specified – they are primarily for overnight guests (so "public" hours per se are just check-in/out times). Staff (often just the owners) may be on-site 24/7 to respond to guest needs.

Retail, Personal Service, and Office Uses

Retail Stores and Services: North Port's CT/COR include uses like Retail Sales and Services (general shops), Personal Services (salons, spas, dry cleaners), and Banks/Financial Institutions. These uses overwhelmingly follow standard retail hours.

General Retail: For example, big-box and grocery stores often open around 7–9 a.m. and close around 9–10 p.m. on weekdays. Many supermarkets in Florida (Publix, etc.) run roughly 7 a.m.–10 p.m. daily. Large retailers like Walmart historically operated 24/7 in some locations, but nowadays 6:00 a.m. – 11:00 p.m. is typical for Walmart stores (Allentown SuperCenter, n.d.). Mall stores usually keep 10 a.m.

– 9 p.m. (and shorter Sunday hours, e.g. 12–6 p.m.). Convenience stores (7-Eleven, etc.) have late closing hours or may operate on a 24-hour schedule. Florida law does not restrict retail hours (except alcohol sales times), so many gas station convenience stores run all night.

- Weekends: Retail hours may extend by an hour on Friday/Saturday nights in some shopping districts (or mall holiday hours etc.), and Sunday often has reduced hours.
- Public vs. Staff: Staff often come in 30–60 minutes before opening to stock and might stay a bit after closing for register tally and cleaning, but rarely much beyond an hour. Stocking deliveries and inventory counts can occur off-hours (some stores receive overnight deliveries).

Nationally, apart from urban 24-hour establishments, retail is largely done by 9 or 10 p.m. even in big cities (with exceptions for certain districts). The median closing time for retail stores is about 6 p.m. in smaller towns and 9 p.m. in larger markets on weekdays, with big grocers/discount stores commonly open until 10 or 11 p.m. The North Port 10 p.m. rule would force any retail in CT/COR to close before 10, which follows the national expectancy for closure to the public but disallows any afterhours closure procedures. However, it prevents any 24-hour pharmacies or convenience stores in those zones.

Banks and Financial Institutions: Banks adhere to traditional business hours. A typical bank branch in the U.S. opens around 8:30 or 9:00 a.m. and closes about 5:00 p.m. on weekdays. Many extend to 6 p.m. on Fridays, and some open Saturday mornings (e.g. 9 a.m.—12 p.m. or until 2 p.m.). Almost all banks are closed on Sunday. In North Port and Florida generally, this holds true, e.g. Wells Fargo or Bank of America branches often 9–5, Sat 9–12. Few bank branches have evening hours beyond 6 or 7 p.m. one day a week (Klimashousky, 2025).

Public vs. Staff: Staff might arrive early (before opening) to handle vault tasks and stay a little
after closing, but branches are usually empty by an hour after closing at latest. The context is
consistent nationwide, whereas banks remain a "9 to 5" archetype with minor variations. The
CT/COR 10 p.m. limit is irrelevant to banks, since they shut far earlier.

Personal Services (Salons, Barbers, Spas, Dry Cleaners, etc.): These follow retail-like schedules. Hair salons and barbershops commonly operate 9 or 10 a.m. – 6 p.m. on weekdays, with one or two evenings open later. For instance, many salons stay open until 7 or 8 p.m. on a weeknight to accommodate clients after work (Indulge in Luxury at Kyle Kurtis Salon & Spa, n.d.). Saturdays are usually full days (often 9–5), and Sundays many salons are closed or very limited. Nail salons similarly might do 10-7 on weekdays and Saturdays. Dry cleaners (drop-off stores) often open early (7 a.m. or even 6:30) to catch the morning commuters and close by 6 or 7 p.m. on weekdays; half-day on Saturday (e.g. 8–1) and closed Sunday. Self-service laundromats can have extended hours; some in Florida are open 24/7 (South St. Petersburg's Premiere 24 Hour Laundromat, 2024), while others choose 6 a.m.-10 p.m. or similar. Widespread chains like Mark's or Soapy's in Florida advertise 24-hour access to accommodate customers anytime. In North Port's corridor, a laundromat could be a viable use and the 10 p.m. rule would force it to close earlier than some competitors (many coin laundries prefer to stay open until at least midnight if not all night). Gyms and Fitness Centers (if included under personal services) often have very long hours or 24/7 access for members. Although not explicitly listed in CT/COR uses, if a gym were considered a personal service, note that many national gym franchises operate 24 hours or at least 5 a.m.-11 p.m. daily.

- Public vs. Staff: For salons and dry cleaners, public hours are the same as business hours as little happens outside open times aside from cleaning up the shop. For laundromats, staff presence may only be part-time; if 24-hour, often unstaffed late at night with security cameras.
- Weekends: Salons have similar or slightly shorter hours on Saturday and usually closed Sunday/Monday as common industry practice. Dry cleaners often close weekends or just Saturday morning. Overall, these uses rarely need beyond 8 p.m., except laundromats/gyms which intentionally offer late-night access.

Offices (General Offices, Medical/Dental, Social Services): Professional offices (e.g. law firms, real estate, corporate offices) maintain weekday business hours, roughly 8 or 9 a.m. to 5 or 6 p.m., with very limited weekend activity. North Port's CT and COR allow offices, and those typically wouldn't be active at night. Medical and Dental offices similarly operate weekdays during the day, with perhaps one evening per week for late appointments (many clinics have one day open until 7 or 8 p.m.). Many urgent care facilities or walk-in clinics might run 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. on both weekdays and weekends (Florida Medical Clinic Orlando Health, 2024). Regular doctor's offices usually do not see patients later than 5 p.m. except some specialties or clinics with one late night. Social service offices (like counseling centers, employment offices, etc.) also follow 9–5 models. One caveat: if "social services" includes shelters or 24-hour hotlines, those operate continuously, but those are often classified differently (e.g. a shelter might be "places of assembly" or an institutional residential, rather than an office).

- Weekends: Most offices and outpatient medical practices are closed on weekends, aside from
 urgent care centers (which often have 8–8 Sat/Sun hours (North Port Urgent Care Clinic | MD
 Now Urgent Care, n.d.)). Public vs. Staff: Office workers may occasionally come in early or stay
 late (especially in corporate settings).
- Public vs. Staff: Cleaning crews often come in after hours (e.g. janitorial staff working 6 p.m. to 10 p.m. in office buildings). Thus, while customers/clients won't be present overnight, there can be some "business-only" activity in the evening (cleaning, off-hours paperwork).

Generally, evening office use beyond 10 p.m. is minimal except perhaps a lone accountant burning the midnight oil. In the U.S., late-night office operation is uncommon outside of certain industries (tech companies, etc., which might have flexible hours but still not retail-like public presence). North Port's 10 p.m. limitation likely has little impact on offices, aside from theoretically barring late janitorial work.

Radio and TV Stations: These are allowed in COR (prohibited in CT). A broadcast studio typically runs 24/7 (especially news stations or radio). Radio stations often have overnight DJs or at least automated programming through the night, and TV stations produce early morning news as well as late-night broadcasts. The facility itself, however, might not have visitors, only staff working in shifts. For example, a radio station might have standard office hours for sales staff (9–5) but on-air talent round the clock. In zoning terms, these are usually in commercial or industrial zones without hour restrictions (aside from noise control for any outdoor broadcast signals).

 Public vs. Staff: Generally, not open to the public at large (except maybe contest winners picking up prizes during office hours). Staff schedules cover all hours for content production or engineering.

If North Port keeps a strict 10 p.m. rule, a literal reading will conflict with a radio station operating overnight. In practice, cities typically exempt media broadcasts from such curfews, focusing instead on

nuisance controls (e.g. no excessive overnight noise from facilities, but modern studios are sound insulated). Most cities allow broadcasters to operate 24/7; even in transitional zones, the impact is low because activity is indoors.

Personal Storage Facilities (Mini-warehouses): Self-storage is allowed in COR (not CT). It is the industry norm for customers to have gate access 7 days a week, typically from 6:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., with some facilities offering 24-hour access to certain units or for an extra fee. Office hours, when a manager is on site to rent units, are usual business hours (e.g. 9 a.m.—6 p.m.). But renters often want to be able to get to their storage unit early or late. For example, Extra Space Storage advertises standard access hours of 6 a.m.—10 p.m. and 24-hour access as a premium option at some locations (Extra Space, 2025). Many public storage companies do *not* allow access between 10 p.m. and 6 a.m. for security reasons, but a subset operate 24/7 or by appointment for commercial clients.

- Public vs. Staff: The "public" (renters) use keypad entry to visit units during the allowed window; staff might only be present in daytime.
- Weekends: Typically, same access hours every day, with office staffed for a half day on Saturday and perhaps closed Sunday. In North Port, the 10 p.m. cutoff aligns with the common 10 p.m. gate closure.

Nationally, self-storage access policies range, but 6 a.m. to 10 p.m. daily access is a standard many use to balance customer convenience with quiet hours.

Institutional and Assembly Uses

Places of Assembly (Small and Large): This category includes churches, meeting halls, event venues, etc. Small-scale assembly might be a community center, lodge, or small church; large-scale assembly could be big churches, auditoriums, or banquet halls.

- Churches and Religious Facilities: Worship services typically occur Sunday mornings (and perhaps one weekday evening). Ancillary activities (weddings, choir practice, youth groups) often occur in early evening hours on weekdays, usually concluding by 9 or 10 p.m. Most churches aim to be quiet at night; however, Christmas vigils or special events can run later occasionally.
- Banquet/Event Halls: If a places-of-assembly use is an event rental hall, weddings and parties often go until 10 p.m. or midnight on weekends. Many jurisdictions have noise curfews requiring music off by 10 or 11 p.m. even for indoor venues if near residences ("City of Sarasota Noise Related Regulations," n.d.). For example, in Covington, KY., an outdoor pavilion has an 11 p.m. hard cutoff due to city noise ordinance covingtonky.gov. Fraternal lodges or community centers often host events or bingo nights that wrap up by 9–10 p.m. North Port's 10 p.m. limit would generally accommodate most uses but could hinder occasional late events (like a New Year's Eve party at a hall).
- Weekdays vs. Weekends: Weekends (especially Friday/Saturday nights) are when assembly
 uses might extend later (wedding receptions until 11 p.m., etc.), whereas on weekdays they tend
 to end earlier.

• Public vs. Staff: After an event, staff/volunteers may stay another hour to clean up (so business-only activity after the public has left).

Many cities impose conditions on event venues to cease music by a certain hour (often 10 p.m. weeknights, midnight weekends). In practice, indoor performances or services typically end by 10–11 p.m. at the latest across the country, aligning with common noise ordinances and attendee expectations. Only in special cases (nightclubs or some urban events) do assembly uses push later.

Theaters, Auditoriums, and Performance Halls: These are large assembly uses focused on entertainment. They may include movie theaters and live performance venues.

- Movie theaters: Often have showtimes from late morning (~10 a.m.) until the last show begins around 10 p.m. or so. A movie starting at 10 p.m. will end near midnight, so patrons may exit around 12:00 a.m. Many theaters in Florida schedule their final screenings such that the building is closing around midnight or shortly after.
- Live theaters and concert halls: Stage performances usually start in the evening (7–8 p.m.) and finish by 10:30–11 p.m. Concert venues may have encores that press up to a curfew time. As noted earlier, most cities enforce 11:00 p.m. curfews for amplified sound at concert venues (City of Tulsa, n.d.). Indoor theaters might have a bit more leeway but generally don't go past 11-12am for audience convenience.
- Public vs. Staff: After a show, crews might be breaking down sets or equipment until late, but that's staff-only.
- Weekends vs. Weekdays: Noisy concerts are more often on weekends, but if a show is on a weekday, the same curfew typically applies.

Movie theaters run late shows on weekends more than weekdays. In North Port's context, large performance venues in COR would be expected to abide by standard performance times (nothing much after 11). A 10 p.m. blanket ban is slightly early. It would mean no movie could start after ~7:30 p.m. to finish by 10, which is restrictive. Nationally, performance venues aim to have audiences out by around 11 p.m., with only major urban arenas sometimes pushing later (and then incurring fines or overtime costs (Venue Policies | Events DC, n.d.)).

Recreational Uses (Parks, Recreation Facilities, Entertainment)

Public/Private Recreation Facilities: This category includes multi-use recreation centers, sports complexes, YMCAs, gyms, etc. Many public recreation centers in Florida have long but not overnight hours. Example: The Arlington Park rec center in Sarasota has park hours 5:00 a.m. – 11:00 p.m. and the Courts are typically 8 a.m. – 9:30 p.m. (City of Sarasota - Parks and Recreations Department, 2025). A county community center might be open 8 a.m. – 8 p.m. on weekdays, and daytime on Saturdays (Chamberofcommerce.com, 2025).

Gyms: Large gyms (24 Hour Fitness, etc.) are often 24/7; Planet Fitness and others frequently
offer 24-hour access during the week and reduced hours on weekends. For instance, some
gyms open Monday 5 a.m. and stay open continuously through Friday night, then shorter
weekend hours. If a recreation facility is more of a clubhouse or sports facility with fields, lights

are usually off by 10 p.m. as noted. North Port's CT/COR 10 p.m. limit aligns with common rec center closing times as many city rec centers close at 9 or 10 on weeknights.

- Weekends: Typically, shorter hours (a recreation center might close by 6 p.m. on Saturday, and maybe closed Sunday).
- Public vs. Staff: Staff lock up after the public leaves; there might be some cleanup or maintenance after hours. Nationally, the norm is early morning openings (5–6 a.m.) and closing by ~10 p.m. for recreation/fitness facilities, aside from specialized 24-hour gyms.

Commercial Recreation (Indoor Entertainment, Bowling, Arcades, etc.): This includes things like bowling alleys, arcades, laser tag, escape rooms, indoor trampoline parks, etc. Hours depend on the type and clientele.

- Bowling Alleys: Often open until 11 p.m. or midnight on weeknights and even later (1–2 a.m.) on Fridays and Saturdays, especially if they have leagues or "cosmic bowling" sessions. Many bowling alleys in Florida run until at least midnight on weekends.
- Arcades & Family Fun Centers: If oriented to families, they might close by 9 or 10 p.m.; if more adult (Barcade or Dave & Buster's style), they stay later. For example, Dave & Buster's in Florida: open 10:00 a.m. 12:00 a.m. (Mon–Tue), 10 a.m. 1:00 a.m. or later Wed–Sat, midnight on Sunday, and explicitly open past midnight on prime nights (Arcade, Sports Bar, and Restaurant Near Fort Myers, n.d.)
- Go-kart tracks, mini-golf, etc.: Many are open until 10 or 11 p.m. (especially if they have lights).
 Pirate's Cove mini-golf in Orlando runs 9:00 a.m. 11:30 p.m. daily (Orlando | Pirate's Cove, n.d.). Similarly, an indoor trampoline park might close around 9 p.m. on weeknights, later on weekends.
- Weekends vs. weekdays: Weekends run later for most of these attractions (e.g. a trampoline park might close 8 p.m. Mon–Thu, 11 p.m. Fri–Sat).
- Public vs. Staff: Typically, these venues will have staff cleaning and shutting down for 30–60 minutes after last guest, but not much beyond that.

In most U.S. locales, entertainment uses commonly stay open until 11 p.m. or later on weekends, with some extending to midnight or 1 a.m. if they serve alcohol (like bowling alleys with bars). In North Port, "Recreation, Commercial" is SE in CT and permitted in COR, so potential uses like mini-golf or arcades would be expected. The current 10 p.m. cutoff would constrain peak hours on Friday/Saturday nights hindering the venue's ability to generate income.

Golf Courses and Ranges: In COR, "Golf, Driving Range" and "Golf, Miniature" are allowed (driving ranges permitted, mini-golf permitted, with mini-golf SE in CT).

Driving Ranges: If equipped with lights, ranges can be open at night typically until 9:00 or 10:00 p.m. For instance, Miami Shores Country Club's range is open daily 7 a.m. – 9 p.m. (<u>Driving Range | Miami Shores Country Club, 2025</u>). The Jacksonville Beach municipal range lists last bucket at 8 p.m., lights out by 9 p.m. (<u>Driving Range | Jacksonville Beach Golf, 2025</u>). Many

ranges turn off lights by 10 at the latest. Early mornings, ranges might open at 7 a.m. (some even at first light ~6:30 a.m.).

- Golf Courses: Usually operate dawn to dusk; rarely would anyone play after dark unless night golf with floodlights (very uncommon). CT/COR might not even contain a full golf course (those are large sites), more likely a standalone driving range or mini-golf. As noted, mini golf is often open late in tourist areas (11 p.m. or later). If near residential, some mini-golf courses close earlier (10 p.m.).
- Weekends/Weekdays: Both driving ranges and mini-golf tend to have later hours on weekends due to demand. Weekdays might see fewer nighttime users, but summer evenings are popular.
- Public vs. Staff: Staff will stay after closing to collect balls, do grounds checks, etc. A lit range could close to the public at 10, though many would prefer to allow a bit later in summer.

Nationally, driving ranges with lights and mini-golf in warm climates often stay open until ~10 or 11 p.m. at peak times (Driving Range Clearwater, FL | Chi Chi Rodriguez Golf Club & Academy — Chi Chi Rodriguez Youth Foundation, 2025)(Orlando | Pirate's Cove, 2025). Where these uses abut housing, local agreements often enforce that lights (and associated noise) go off by a certain hour, often 10.

Parks (Passive Recreation, Pocket Parks): Passive recreation and pocket parks are usually small parks or open spaces without intense facilities. Standard park hours are typically "dawn to dusk." For example, Florida's state and local parks often use sunrise-to-sunset rules (Florida National Cemetery - Hours, 2025). Some city parks have a fixed closing time like 10 p.m. if they have lighting. In Sarasota County, many neighborhood parks are listed as open 6 a.m. – 10 p.m. (Laurel Park and Sandra Sims Terry Community Center - Hours, 2025), aligning with the idea that by 10 p.m. parks should be empty. North Port's current code likely treats parks similarly (the city may have a general parks ordinance about dawn-to-dusk).

- Weekends vs. Weekdays: Not applicable; open daily with same schedule.
- Public vs. Staff: Park maintenance tends to happen early morning (crews might come at dawn).
 Passive parks have no staff on-site continuously.

The 10 p.m. business activity ban fits typical park hours, so no conflict there. Nationally, nearly all public parks close at or before 10 p.m. (some urban parks even earlier) for safety. Passive recreation (trails, etc.) is essentially daytime use only in most cases.

Shooting/Archery Ranges (Indoor): North Port allows indoor ranges in COR. Indoor gun ranges often have hours somewhat like a retail gun store: e.g. 10 a.m. – 8 or 9 p.m. on weekdays, a bit later on Fri/Sat. For instance, Shooters World Orlando: Mon–Fri 10 a.m. to 9 p.m., Sat 9 a.m. – 9 p.m., Sun 10–7 (Shooters World Orlando - Hours, 2025). Another range in Deerfield Beach is open until 9 p.m. daily, and 6 p.m. on weekends (Gun World of South Florida, 2025). These facilities typically do not operate late at night, both for noise (shots may be heard faintly outside) and because demand drops off.

Weekends: Many ranges have slightly shorter Sunday hours.

• Public vs. Staff: After closing, staff clean the range, but usually within an hour they're done. It would be unusual for any firing to occur after closing time.

North Port's 10 p.m. rule would not hinder most indoor ranges (they'd be closed by 9). Nationally, nearly all commercial indoor ranges close by 10 p.m. or earlier; few, if any, operate late-night (some members-only 24-hour range clubs exist, but those are rare and often in industrial locales).

Essential Services and Utilities (Major/Minor) & Communication Towers: These are infrastructure uses rather than customer-serving businesses. Essential Services, Major (e.g. power plants, water treatment facilities) and Minor (e.g. substations, pump stations) run continuously 24/7, as they provide vital utilities. As noted earlier, plants are staffed in shifts around the clock (U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2025), though in CT/COR context, a "major" essential service might not typically be sited there unless it's something like a large pumping station. These uses don't have "public hours" as they aren't open to the public at all. Maintenance crews and operators may be on-site any hour as needed. Solar array farms similarly produce power during daylight but exist quietly at night; no public or staff presence except occasional maintenance (likely daytime). Wireless communication towers (camouflaged): once built, these operate 24/7 unmanned, with maybe monthly technician visits. North Port's hour restriction presumably was not intended to hinder these essential operations. In any case, such uses generate minimal off-site impact from "hours" (a water plant might have some noise or lights at night but is necessary). Across municipalities, essential utilities are generally exempt from strict hour limitations, regulated instead by noise/light mitigation.

Conclusions

In summary, North Port's 10 p.m. cutoff is more restrictive than typical practice for a number of commercial uses. Restaurants and bars in most cities stay open several hours later (often until midnight or later on weekends) (Tampa City Leaders Back Away From Bar Closing Time Ordinance, n.d.), (McCormick, 2025). Entertainment venues like bowling alleys, arcades, and theaters also commonly operate past 10 p.m. on peak nights (Arcade, Sports Bar, and Restaurant Near Fort Myers, n.d.)(PARTIES & EVENTS, n.d.). Hotels and lodging must function 24/7 by nature (Gillaspia, 2021), and essential services and infrastructure run round-the-clock (U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2025). On the other hand, many uses such as offices, daycares, banks, and regular retail comfortably fit within a 10 p.m. closure (Klimashousky, 2025), (Preschools and Child Care Centers Non-Faith Based, n.d.).

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